

Research outline

Kengo Hayashi
Kentaro Okamura

Sanriku Coastal Area served as revival from there repeated Tsunami disasters. As for the damage caused by the Meiji Sanriku tsunami, human damage, both material damage were serious. But the roles that the government achieved were limited to payment of money of relief and distribution, and the business to suffer from concrete revival was carried out at a prefecture and municipalities, a village level. And moving to higher places were recommended by Miyagi prefecture, and the financial assistance was seen partly, but was pushed forward in the form that a charitable person or a landowner led at some villages in Iwate.

On the other hand, about the Sanriku tsunami of the Showa era, the revival plan was drawn up in form to conform to "the Movement of Economical Rehabilitation for villages" although damage was less than the scale of the Meiji Sanriku tsunami by national leadership, and business was carried out. In the village of the city, local revival at original land was chosen, and widening and land readjustment business of the road was carried out by "street restoration business". In addition, the residential land development for high place move places was carried out in the village where damage was heavy among "the fishing agriculture villages" except it by "house right lot creation business". And, as each concrete example, I clarified the enforcement situation of the reconstruction contracts in Otsuchi and the Kirikiri village. The influence by "the Movement of Economical Rehabilitation for villages", enforcement of the business by the industrial guild, support by the country such as devices of a money side and the business menu, are considered as the factor that very speedy revival was achieved.

However, in the East Japan great earthquake disaster Otsuchi, almost suffered crushing damage. At the village of those many cities, revival in the form with large-scale public works including height of soil and the seawall maintenance is pushed forward now. And in Kirikiri village, the whole area was flooded, and many buildings began to flow, and a dead person appeared a lot, and, the revival ground after the Sanriku tsunami of the Showa era suffered very big damage. I think that I can evaluate the durability that supported inhabitants life as a center of the villages about approximately 80 years before East Japan great earthquake disaster occurring after Sanriku tsunami of the Showa era.